QLIK® DATA PROCESSING ADDENDUM

This Data Processing Addendum including its Schedules 1, 2, 3 and 4 (the “DPA”), once executed and received by Qlik according to the instructions below, forms part of the Agreement between Qlik and the Customer (each defined below).

The Qlik party to this DPA is the Qlik entity that is the Qlik party to the Agreement. Only the Customer entity that is the party to the Agreement may sign this DPA. If the Customer entity signing this DPA is not a party to the Agreement, this DPA is not valid and is not legally binding. Such entity should request that the Customer entity who is a party to the Agreement executes this DPA. The Customer’s signatory represents and warrants that he or she has the legal authority to bind the Customer to this DPA.

In order for it to be effective, the Parties must (a) complete and sign the information block below with the Customer full legal entity details and signatory information and (b) sign Schedule 4 (2021 SCCs).

The Parties hereby agree from the Effective Date to be bound by the terms and conditions of this DPA.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Accepted and agreed to by Qlik</th>
<th>Accepted and agreed to by the Customer</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Name of signatory</strong></td>
<td>Roy Horgan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Position</strong></td>
<td>Senior Director, Privacy Counsel and Data Protection Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Signature</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Date</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Key privacy contact</strong></td>
<td>Roy Horgan, Senior Director, Privacy Counsel and Data Protection Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Key privacy contact</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*privacy@qlik.com*
1. DEFINITIONS

“Affiliate” means any entity that directly or indirectly controls, is controlled by, or is under common control with the subject entity. “Control,” for purposes of this definition, means direct or indirect ownership or control of more than 50% of the voting interests of the subject entity.

“Agreement” means either (i) the Qlik Customer Agreement or (ii) the Qlik OEM Partner Agreement, between Qlik and the Customer under which Qlik provides the applicable Services.

“CCPA” means the California Consumer Privacy Act, as amended, and its implementing regulations. The term “Business” and “Service Provider” where used in this DPA addressing compliance under the CCPA will have the meanings given to them under the CCPA.

“Client-Managed Deployment” means a deployment of on-premise Qlik or Qlik Affiliate software managed and/or hosted by the Customer or by a Customer’s third party cloud provider.

“Consulting Services” means any consulting services provided to the Customer by Qlik pursuant to the Agreement.

“Customer” means the customer legal entity which is a Party to the Agreement.

“Customer Personal Data” means Personal Data which Qlik Processes on behalf of the Customer in the performance of the Services, including, where applicable, Cloud Customer Content. It does not include Personal Data for which Qlik is a Controller.

“Data Protection Law” means, as amended from time to time, the Australia Privacy Act, the Brazil General Data Protection Law (LGPD), the Canada Personal Information Protection and Electronic Documents Act, the EU GDPR, the Japan Act on the Protection of Personal Information, the Singapore Personal Data Protection Act, Swiss Federal Act on Data Protection, the UK Data Protection Act 2018 and UK General Data Protection Regulation, and the general consumer (non-industry specific) data privacy laws of the United States and its states (including, where applicable, the CCPA), and in each case only to the extent applicable to the performance of either Party’s obligations under this DPA.

“DPF” means the EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework, including the Swiss-U.S. Data Privacy Framework and the UK Extension to the EU-U.S. Data Privacy Framework.

“Effective Date” means the date on which Qlik receives a validly executed DPA under the instructions above and always subject to the Customer having validly executed an Agreement.

“EEA” means, for the purpose of this DPA, the European Economic Area (including the European Union) and, for the purposes of this DPA, Switzerland.

“EEA Customer Personal Data” means Customer Personal Data that is subject to the EU GDPR.

“EU GDPR” means, in each case to the extent applicable to the Processing activities (i) Regulation (EU) 2016/679; and (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as amended by any legislation arising out of the withdrawal of the UK from the European Union.

“Party” or “Parties” means Qlik and the Customer, individually and collectively, as the case may be.

“Personal Data” means information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person or as otherwise defined under applicable Data Protection Law.

“Personnel” means a Party’s employees or other workers under their direct control.

“Qlik” means the Qlik Affiliate which is party to the Agreement.

“Qlik Cloud Customer Content” means information, data, materials, media, or other content to the extent it includes Customer Personal Data that is, by, on behalf of or upon the instructions of the Customer, uploaded into and residing in Qlik Cloud which Qlik or a Qlik Affiliate Processes on behalf of the Customer.

“Qlik Cloud” means a subscription-based, hosted solution provided and managed by Qlik or an Affiliate under an Agreement.

“Qlik DPF Companies” means the U.S. Affiliates of the Group which participate in the DPF, found at https://www.dataprivacyframework.gov/s/.

“Security Incident” means unauthorized or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration or access to, or disclosure of, Customer Personal Data that is in Qlik’s possession or under Qlik’s control in its performance of the Services. It does not include events which are either (i) caused by the Customer or Customer Affiliates or their end users or third parties operating under their direction, such as the Customer’s or Customer Affiliate’s failure to (a) control user access; (b) secure or encrypt Customer Personal Data which the Customer transmits to and from Qlik during performance of the Services; and/or (c) implement security configurations to protect Customer Personal Data; or (ii) unsuccessful attempts or activities that do not or are not reasonably likely to compromise the security of Customer Personal Data, including but not limited to unsuccessful log-in attempts, pings, port scans, denial of service attacks, and other network attacks on firewalls or networked systems.

“Service(s)” means, pursuant to an Agreement, (i) Qlik Cloud, (ii) a Qlik Cloud trial, (iii) a Qlik Cloud presales proof-of-concept performed by Qlik, and/or (iv) Support Services and/or Consulting Services requiring Qlik personnel to access or otherwise Process on Customer’s behalf either (a) Qlik Cloud Customer Content while within or originating from Qlik Cloud and/or (b) Customer Personal Data relating to a Client-Managed Deployment, and in each case, only as it relates to Processing by Qlik or a Qlik Affiliate of Customer Personal Data. Notwithstanding the foregoing, “Services” does not include, and accordingly, this DPA does not cover, (i) Qlik Cloud Customer Content which leaves Qlik Cloud, and/or (ii) Customer Personal Data stored in a Client-Managed Deployment, including but not limited to Customer Personal Data stored within self-hosted software.

“Support Services” means end user support provided by Qlik or an Affiliate to the Customer under the Agreement involving Processing by Qlik of Customer Personal Data either by way of (i) temporary remote access or screenshare, and/or (ii) receipt by Qlik or a Qlik Affiliate of Customer files via Qlik’s support portal.
“Swiss Customer Personal Data” means Customer Personal Data that is subject to the Swiss Federal Act on Data Protection.

“Termination Date” means the termination or expiration of the relevant Service(s) under the Agreement between the Parties, or, in the case of a Qlik Cloud presales proof-of-concept or trial, the termination or expiration of that presales proof-of-concept or trial.

“Third Country” means a third country not deemed by the EU Commission, Swiss Federal Council or UK Information Commissioner, as applicable, to have an equivalent level of privacy protection to those jurisdictions.

“UK Addendum” means the UK International Data Transfer Addendum to the EU Commission Standard Contractual Clauses issued by the UK Information Commissioner and laid before Parliament in accordance with S119A(1) Data Protection Act 2018 on 2 February 2022 but, as permitted by Section 17 of such Addendum, the format of the information set out in Part 1 of the Addendum shall be amended as set out in Section 5.4 of this DPA.

“UK Customer Personal Data” means Customer Personal Data that is subject to the UK General Data Protection Regulation.

“2021 SCCs” means the 2021 SCCs Module Two and the 2021 SCCs Module Three, collectively or individually, as applicable, published under EU Commission Decision 2021/914/EU for EU Personal Data transfers outside the EU to Third Countries not deemed by the EU Commission to have an equivalent level of privacy protection, included as Schedule 4. The terms “2021 SCCs Module Two” means the 2021 SCCs, module two (controller to processor), and “2021 SCCs Module Three” means the 2021 SCCs, module three (processor to processor).

“Controller”, “Data Subject”, “Processor”, “Process/Processed/Processing”, “Subprocessor” and “Supervisory Authority”, and analogous terms, will be interpreted in accordance with Data Protection Law.

2. PROCESSING BY QLIK OF CUSTOMER PERSONAL DATA

2.1 Details of Processing. The table below in this Section 2.1 sets out the Customer Personal Data Qlik may Process when providing the Services:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature/Activities/Purpose of Processing</th>
<th>Processing of Customer Personal Data by the Customer in Qlik Cloud and/or for Support or Consulting Services.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Frequency and Duration of Processing</td>
<td>From time to time during the term of the Services under the Agreement or, in the case of a Qlik Cloud presales proof-of-concept or trial, the term of that proof-of-concept or trial. Duration of Processing and retention period shall be the duration of the Services unless Customer Personal Data is deleted sooner.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Types of Personal Data Processed</td>
<td>Customer Personal Data uploaded to and residing in Qlik Cloud and/or otherwise Processed by Qlik to provide the Services. Customer Personal Data may include sensitive</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.2 Purpose of Processing Customer Personal Data. The Parties agree that either (a) the Customer is the Controller and Qlik is a Processor, or (b) Customer is the Processor and Qlik is a Subprocessor, in relation to the Customer Personal Data that Qlik Processes on the Customer’s behalf in the course of providing the Services. For the avoidance of doubt, this DPA does not apply to Personal Data for which Qlik is a Controller. Qlik will Process Customer Personal Data only to perform the Services and for no other purpose. If Qlik is required to Process the Customer Personal Data for any other purpose by applicable laws to which Qlik is subject, Qlik will, unless prohibited by such applicable laws and subject to the terms of this DPA, inform Customer of this requirement first. To the extent that the CCPA applies to the Processing of Customer Personal Data in the course of providing the Services, (i) Qlik is a Service Provider and the Customer is a Business in relation to Customer Personal Data, and (ii) without limiting any other term in this DPA or in the Agreement, Qlik shall not (a) sell, rent, release, disclose, disseminate, make available, transfer, or otherwise communicate orally, in writing, or by electronic means, any Customer Personal Data to any third-party for monetary or other valuable consideration, (b) retain, disclose, or use any Customer Personal Data for any purpose (including any commercial purpose) other than the specific purpose of performing the Services, and/or (c) retain, use, or disclose any Customer Personal Data to any third-party (except, if required by applicable laws to which Qlik is subject, to the extent Qlik is subject) to perform the Services.

2.3 Disclosure of Customer Personal Data. Unless otherwise provided for in this DPA, Qlik will not disclose to any third party any Customer Personal Data, except in each case, as necessary to maintain or provide the Services, or, notwithstanding Section 5.7 below, as necessary to comply with the law or a valid and binding order of a governmental body (such as a subpoena or court order).

2.4 Customer Personal Data for Support Services. The Parties acknowledge that Qlik does not ordinarily require to Process Customer Personal Data on the Customer’s behalf to resolve a technical issue for Support Services. Accordingly:

2.4.1 the Customer shall use their best efforts to minimize any transfer of Customer Personal Data to Qlik for Support Services. Such efforts shall include but not be limited to removing, anonymizing and/or pseudonymizing Customer Personal Data in files prior to Processing by Qlik; and

2.4.2 Qlik’s total liability in relation to the Processing of Support Services Customer Personal Data, whether in contract, tort or under any other theory of liability, shall not exceed US$20,000.

2.5 Obligations of Qlik Personnel. Qlik will ensure that Qlik Personnel required to access the Customer Personal Data are subject to a binding duty of confidentiality in respect of such Customer Personal Data and take reasonable steps
to ensure the reliability and competence of such Qlik Personnel.

2.6 Instructions. Customer authorizes and instructs Qlik to Process Customer Personal Data for the performance of the Services. The Parties agree that this DPA and the Agreement are the Customer’s complete and final documented Processing instructions to Qlik in relation to Customer Personal Data. The Customer shall ensure that its Processing instructions comply with applicable Data Protection Laws in relation to Customer Personal Data and that the Processing of Customer Personal Data in accordance with the Customer’s instructions will not cause Qlik to be in breach of any relevant law. The Customer warrants that it has the right and authority under applicable Data Protection Law and any undertakings it may have entered into to disclose, or have disclosed, Customer Personal Data to Qlik to be Processed by Qlik for the Services and that the Customer has obtained all necessary consents and provided all necessary notifications required by Data Protection Law with respect to the Processing of Customer Personal Data by Qlik. The Customer will not disclose Customer Personal Data to Qlik or instruct Qlik to Process Customer Personal Data for any purpose not permitted by applicable law, including Data Protection Law. Qlik will notify the Customer if Qlik becomes aware that, and in Qlik’s reasonable opinion, an instruction for the Processing of Customer Personal Data given by the Customer violates Data Protection Law, it being acknowledged that Qlik is not under any obligation to undertake additional work, screening or legal assessment to determine whether Customer’s instructions are compliant with Data Protection Law.

2.7 Assistance to the Customer. Upon a written request, Qlik will provide reasonable cooperation and assistance necessary to assist the Customer, insofar as required by Data Protection Law and as it relates to Processing by Qlik for the Services, in fulfilling the Customer’s obligations to respond to requests from Data Subjects exercising their rights (notwithstanding the Customer’s obligations in Section 7) and/or to carry out data protection impact assessments. Qlik’s Data Protection Officer and privacy team may be reached at privacy@qlik.com.

2.8 Compliance with Data Protection Laws. Each Party will comply with the Data Protection Laws applicable to it in relation to their performance of this DPA, including, where applicable, the EU GDPR.

3. SECURITY

3.1 Security of Data Processing. Qlik will implement and maintain appropriate technical and organizational measures to protect Customer Personal Data against unauthorized or unlawful Processing and against Security Incidents. These measures will be appropriate to the harm, which might result from any unauthorized or unlawful Processing, accidental loss, destruction, damage or theft of the Customer Personal Data and having regard to the nature of the Customer Personal Data which is to be protected. At a minimum, these will include the measures set out in Schedule 2.

3.2 Notification of a Security Incident. Upon becoming aware of a Security Incident, Qlik or a Qlik Affiliate will notify the Customer without undue delay and take reasonable steps to identify, prevent and mitigate the effects of the Security Incident and to remedy the Security Incident to the extent such remediation is within Qlik’s reasonable control. A notification by Qlik or a Qlik Affiliate to the Customer of a Security Incident under this DPA is not and will not be construed as an acknowledgement by Qlik of any fault or liability of Qlik with respect to the Security Incident.

3.3 Notification Mechanism. Security Incident notifications, if any, will be delivered to Customer by any means Qlik selects, including via email. It is the Customer’s responsibility to ensure that it provides Qlik with accurate contact information and secure transmission at all times.

4. SUBPROCESSORS

4.1 Authorized Subprocessors. The Customer agrees that Qlik may use its Affiliates and other Subprocessors to fulfill its contractual obligations under this DPA or to provide certain Services on its behalf. The Qlik website lists Subprocessors that are currently engaged by Qlik to carry out Processing activities on Customer Personal Data (currently located at https://community.qlik.com/15Qlik-Technical-Bulletin-Blog/Qlik-Subprocessors-General-Data-Protection-Regulation-GDPR/ba-p/1572352). The Customer may subscribe to the list in order to receive Subprocessor updates.

4.2 Subprocessor Obligations. Where Qlik uses a Subprocessor as set forth in this Section 4, Qlik will (i) enter into a written agreement with the Subprocessor and will impose on the Subprocessor contractual obligations not less protective on an aggregate basis than the overall obligations that Qlik has provided under this DPA, including but not limited to, where applicable, incorporating the 2021 SCCs and/or the UK Addendum; and (ii) restrict the Subprocessor’s access to and use of Customer Personal Data only to provide the Services. For the avoidance of doubt, where a Subprocessor fails to fulfill its obligations under any subprocessing agreement or any applicable Data Protection Law with respect to the Processing of Customer Personal Data in relation to the Processing of Customer Personal Data by the Subprocessor, the Customer may make reasonable objections in writing to privacy@qlik.com within the 30-day period regarding the appointment of the new Subprocessor. After receiving such written objection Qlik will either: (i) work with the Customer to address the Customer’s objections to its reasonable satisfaction, (ii) instruct the Subprocessor not to Process Customer Personal Data, provided that the Customer accepts that this may impair the Services (for which Qlik shall bear no responsibility or liability), or (iii) notify the Customer of an option to terminate this DPA and the applicable order form for Services which cannot be provided by Qlik without the use of the objected-to new Subprocessor. If Qlik does not receive an objection from the Customer within the 30-day objection period, the Customer will be deemed to have consented to the appointment of the new Subprocessor.

4.3 Appointing a New Subprocessor. At least thirty (30) days before Qlik engages any new Subprocessor to carry out Processing activities on Customer Personal Data, Qlik will provide notice of such update to the Subprocessor list through the applicable website. If the Customer is entitled to do so under applicable Data Protection Law and as it relates to the Processing of Customer Personal Data by the Subprocessor, the Customer may make reasonable objections in writing to privacy@qlik.com within the 30-day period regarding the appointment of the new Subprocessor. After receiving such written objection Qlik will either: (i) work with the Customer to address the Customer’s objections to its reasonable satisfaction, (ii) instruct the Subprocessor not to Process Customer Personal Data, provided that the Customer accepts that this may impair the Services (for which Qlik shall bear no responsibility or liability), or (iii) notify the Customer of an option to terminate this DPA and the applicable order form for Services which cannot be provided by Qlik without the use of the objected-to new Subprocessor. If Qlik does not receive an objection from the Customer within the 30-day objection period, the Customer will be deemed to have consented to the appointment of the new Subprocessor.

5. EEA/UK THIRD COUNTRY DATA TRANSFERS

5.1 Transfers of EEA Customer Personal Data. For transfers of EEA Customer Personal Data to Qlik, the Qlik party to this DPA is in a Third Country not deemed under EEA Data Protection Law to provide an equivalent level of privacy protection to that in the EEA and is not one of the Qlik DPF Companies;

5.1.1 where the Customer is the Controller and Qlik a Processor of such EEA Customer Personal Data, such transfer(s) are subject to the 2021 SCCs Module Two; and/or

5.1.2 where the Customer is the Processor and Qlik a Subprocessor of such EEA Customer Personal Data (i.e., where the EEA Customer Personal Data contains EEA Personal Data of the Customer’s customers where the Customer is a Processor), such transfer(s) are subject to the 2021 SCCs Module Three;
in each case, the 2021 SCCs Module Two and 2021 SCCs Module Three, as applicable, shall apply as set out in Schedule 4 and subject to the provisions of this DPA.

5.2 Particulars regarding the 2021 SCCs. The 2021 SCCs are particularized in Schedule 4. The Parties agree that, to the fullest extent permitted under the 2021 SCCs, (a) the aggregate liability of Qlik to the Customer under or in connection with the 2021 SCCs will be limited as set out in sections 2.4 and 8.3 of this DPA, and (b) any rights to audit pursuant to Clause 8.9 of the 2021 SCCs will be exercised in accordance with section 6 below.

5.3 Swiss Customer Personal Data. For transfers of Swiss Customer Personal Data by the Customer to Qlik where the Qlik party to this DPA is in a Third Country not deemed under the Swiss Data Protection Law to provide an equivalent level of privacy protection to that in Switzerland and the Qlik party is not one of the Qlik DPF Companies, the Parties agree that the 2021 SCCs shall apply as set out in Schedule 4 and as particularized in clauses 5.1 and 5.2 of this DPA, save that references (i) to the EU GDPR shall be replaced by the respective references and/or equivalent terms in the Swiss Federal Act on Data Protection, (ii) to the competent supervisory authority in Annex I. C. shall be replaced with the Swiss Federal Data Protection and Information Commissioner, and (iii) to Member State(s), the EU and the EEA shall include Switzerland.

5.4 UK Customer Personal Data. For transfers of UK Customer Personal Data by the Customer to Qlik where the Qlik party to this DPA is in a Third Country not deemed under UK Data Protection Law to provide an equivalent level of privacy protection to that in the UK and the Qlik party is not one of the Qlik DPF Companies, the Parties agree that the provisions of the UK Addendum shall apply to such transfers. In particular:

5.4.1 the Customer will be the data exporter, and Qlik the data importer;
5.4.2 the start date for transfers in Table 1 of the UK Addendum shall be the Effective Date unless otherwise agreed between the Parties;
5.4.3 the details of the Parties and their key contacts in Table 1 of the UK Addendum shall be set out at the commencement of this DPA, and with no requirement for additional signature;
5.4.4 for the purposes of Table 2, the UK Addendum shall be appended to the 2021 SCCs as incorporated by reference into this DPA (including the selection of modules as specified in Section 5.2 of this DPA and the selection and disapplication of optional clauses as set out in Schedule 4);
5.4.5 the appendix information listed in Table 3 of the UK Addendum is set out at the commencement of this DPA (List of Parties), in Section 2 (Description of Transfer) and in Schedule 2 to this DPA (Technical and Organisational Measures); and
5.4.6 for the purposes of Table 4, neither Party may end the UK Addendum as set out in Section 19 thereof.

5.5 Alternative Lawful Transfer Mechanisms. The Customer acknowledges that Qlik’s obligations under EEA/UK Third Country lawful transfer mechanism (e.g. the 2021 SCCs, DPF) under this DPA may be replaced by obligations under any successor or alternate EEA/UK Third Country lawful transfer mechanism adopted by Qlik which is recognized by the relevant EEA/UK/Swiss authorities. In such instances, the Parties shall not be required to re-execute this DPA as they have already agreed to such measures, and such obligations will be deemed automatically included in this DPA. Customer acknowledges that, in the event of DPF no longer lawfully holding an adequacy decision, as judged by relevant EU/UK/Swiss authorities, a notification under section 5.6 (b) may be by way of an update by Qlik to its DPA terms at https://www.qlik.com/us/legal/legal-agreements.

5.6 Transfers to Qlik DPF Companies. If the Qlik party to this DPA is one of the Qlik DPF Companies, Qlik agrees to apply the DPF Principles issued by the U.S. Department of Commerce, located at https://dataprivacyframework.gov (“DPF Principles”) to Customer Personal Data that Customer transfers to Qlik that originates from the European Economic Area, United Kingdom, or Switzerland if that Customer Personal Data meets the definition of “personal data” or “personal information” in the DPF Principles (“Qlik Customer Personal Data”). For clarity, Qlik agrees to (a) use DPF Customer Personal Data only to provide the relevant Service; (b) notify the Customer if Qlik determines that it cannot any longer apply the DPF Principles to DPF Customer Personal Data; and (c) upon such determination, cease use of DPF Personal Data or take other reasonable and appropriate steps to apply the DPF Principles to DPF Customer Personal Data.

5.7 EEA/UK-US Transfers. In response to the Court of Justice of the European Union’s decision in Schrems II, Case No. C-311/18, and related guidance from Supervisory Authorities, the Parties acknowledge that supplemental measures may be needed with respect to EEA/UK-U.S. data transfers where Customer Personal Data may be subject to government surveillance. The Customer and Qlik agree that Customer’s EEA/UK operations involve ordinary commercial services, and any EEA/UK-U.S. transfers of EEA Customer Personal Data contemplated by this DPA involve ordinary commercial information, such as employee data, which is not the type of data that is of interest to, or generally subject to, surveillance by U.S. intelligence agencies. Accordingly, Qlik agrees that it will not provide access to Customer Personal Data of an EEA/UK Customer transferred under this DPA to any government or intelligence agency, except where its legal counsel has determined it is strictly relevant and necessary to comply with the law or a valid and binding order of a government authority (such as pursuant to a court order). If a law enforcement agency or other government authority provides Qlik with a demand for access to such Customer Personal Data, Qlik will attempt to redirect the law enforcement agency to request the Customer Personal Data directly from the Customer. If compelled by law to provide access to such Customer Personal Data to a law enforcement agency or other government authority and only after a determination of such is made by legal counsel, then Qlik will, unless Qlik is legally prohibited to do so: (1) give Customer notice of the demand no later than five (5) days after such demand is received to allow Customer to seek recourse or other appropriate remedy to adequately protect the privacy of EEA/UK Data Subjects, and Qlik shall provide reasonable cooperation in connection with the Customer seeking such recourse; and (2) in any event, provide access only to such Customer Personal Data as is strictly required by the relevant law or binding order (having used reasonable efforts to minimize and limit the scope of any such access). This Section 5.7 does not override the equivalent protection under the relevant EEA/UK Third Country lawful transfer mechanism (e.g., 2021 SCCs), if applicable.

5.8 EEA Qlik Cloud Storage Capability. For the avoidance of doubt, although the Customer may select (where available) the region in which its Qlik Cloud Customer Content resides, including the EU, the ability to retain Qlik Cloud Customer Content (including Customer Personal Data) solely in-region is subject to how the Customer’s users of Qlik Cloud share and use applications and related technical partners.
6. AUDITS

6.1 Audit Reports. Qlik and/or its relevant Affiliate(s) conduct assessments of its controls over the processing of relevant systems and processes (e.g., ISO 27001, SOC II), which may include systems and processes involved in the Processing of Customer Personal Data. These audits (i) occur on a regular, recurring basis, (ii) are performed according to the standards and rules of the relevant regulatory or accreditation body, (iii) are paid for by Qlik/its Affiliate(s), and (iv) produce an audit report (“Audit Report”). The Customer may request, and Qlik shall provide (subject to a NDA, where necessary), such Audit Report(s) or extracts thereof, where applicable to the Services, in order to satisfy the Customer of Qlik’s compliance with statutory Processor obligations (e.g., Article 28 EU GDPR).

6.2 Additional Information and Audits. Where the information provided in the Audit Reports is not reasonably sufficient to demonstrate compliance by Qlik of its statutory Processor obligations in relation to the applicable Services, the Parties shall discuss in good faith any additional audits reasonably required by the Customer. Such additional audits, if agreed, must be (i) conducted by a third party agreed to by the Parties; (ii) carried out at the Customer’s cost, (iii) be conducted in a manner undisturbative to the business of Qlik and its Affiliates, (iv) be conducted subject to the terms of an applicable non-disclosure agreement, and (v) not prejudice other confidential information (including but not limited to Personal Data) of Qlik, its Affiliates or its other customers.

6.3 Subprocessor Audits. If the Customer’s request for information relates to a Subprocessor, or information held by a Subprocessor which Qlik cannot provide to the Customer itself, Qlik will promptly submit a request for additional information in writing to the relevant Subprocessor(s). The Customer acknowledges that information about the Subprocessor’s previous independent audit reports is subject to agreement from the relevant Subprocessor, and that Qlik cannot guarantee access to that Subprocessor’s audit information at any particular time, or at all.

7. ACCESS AND DELETION OF CUSTOMER PERSONAL DATA

7.1 Access and Deletion of Qlik Cloud Customer Content during the Agreement. Customer is responsible for any data minimization before instructing Customer Personal Data and for executing any requests to access, retrieve, correct and/or delete Qlik Cloud Customer Content (including any Customer Personal Data therein). Qlik will, as necessary to enable the Customer to meet its obligations under Data Protection Law, provide the Customer via availability of Qlik Cloud with the ability to access, retrieve, correct and delete through to the Termination Date its Qlik Cloud Customer Content in Qlik Cloud. The Customer acknowledges that such ability may from time to time be limited due to temporary service outage for maintenance or other updates to Qlik Cloud. To the extent that the Customer, in its fulfillment of its Data Protection Law obligations, is unable to access, retrieve, correct or delete Customer Personal Data in Qlik Cloud due to prolonged unavailability (for example, exceeding 10 working days) caused by an issue within Qlik’s control, upon written request from the Customer, Qlik will where possible use reasonable efforts to provide, correct or delete such Customer Personal Data. The Customer acknowledges that Qlik may maintain backups of Qlik Cloud Customer Content, which would remain in place for approximately third (30) days following a deletion in Qlik Cloud. The Customer remains solely responsible for the deletion, correction and accuracy of its Qlik Cloud Customer Content and will be solely responsible for retrieving such Qlik Cloud Customer Content to respond to Data Subject access requests or similar requests relating to Customer Personal Data. If Qlik receives any such Data Subject request, Qlik will use commercially reasonable efforts to redirect the Data Subject to the Customer.

7.2 Access and Deletion of Customer Personal Data on Termination of the Agreement. By the Termination Date, the Customer will have deleted all Qlik Cloud Customer Content Personal Data, unless prohibited by law, or the order of a governmental or regulatory body. Notwithstanding the foregoing, after the Termination Date and upon the Customer’s written request Qlik will provide reasonable assistance to the Customer to securely destroy or return any remaining Customer Personal Data. The Customer acknowledges that Customer Personal Data may be stored by Qlik after the Termination Date in line with Qlik’s data retention rules and back-ups (but it is eventually deleted. To the extent that any portion of Customer Personal Data remains in the possession of Qlik following the Termination Date, Qlik’s obligations set forth in this DPA shall survive termination of the Agreement with respect to that portion of the Customer Personal Data until it is eventually deleted.

8. MISCELLANEOUS

8.1 Entire Agreement. This DPA and the Agreement, where referenced, contain the entire agreement regarding the subject matter thereof and supersede any other data protection/privacy agreements and communications between the Parties concerning the Processing by Qlik of Customer Personal Data in Qlik’s performance of the Services.

8.2 Effect of this DPA. Except as amended by this DPA, the Agreement will remain in full force and effect. If there is a conflict between any other agreement between the Parties, including the Agreement and this DPA, the terms of this DPA will control as it relates to Processing of Customer Personal Data. If the Parties have entered into a Business Associate Agreement, that Business Associate Agreement shall govern with respect to U.S. “PHI” as defined thereunder. In the event of a conflict between this DPA and the applicable EEA/UK Third Country lawful transfer mechanism (e.g., 2021 SCCs, DPF), the relevant Third Country lawful transfer mechanism terms/principles will prevail. This DPA is effective from the Effective Date and only if and for so long as Qlik provides Services under the Agreement. This DPA will terminate, unless otherwise terminated by the Parties, on the Termination Date.

8.3 Liability. Subject to Section 2.4.2, the total combined liability of either Party towards the other Party, whether in contract, tort or under any other theory of liability, shall be limited to that set forth in the Agreement as well as any disclaimers contained therein. Any reference in such section to the liability of a Party means the aggregate liability of that Party under the Agreement and this DPA.

8.4 Third Party Rights. This DPA shall not confer any rights or remedies to any other person or entity other than the Parties except as to enable the Data Protection Law rights of Data Subjects of Customer Personal Data under this DPA.

8.5 Updates to this DPA. Qlik may modify the terms of this DPA, such as to account for future changes in Data Protection Law to enable the continued Processing of Customer Personal Data to carry out the Services and shall do so by way of updating the DPA terms on www.qlik.com. Any future changes to this DPA published by Qlik on its website will become effective once published and shall supersede any previous DPA between the Parties, insofar and only to the extent that those changes (i) are to account for changes under Data Protection Law, which may include to account for revised guidance from a Supervisory Authority, or (ii) to enable an EEA/UK Third Country lawful transfer mechanism, as contemplated under Section 5.5, or (iii) are not less favorable to the Customer for example, to permit further data types of Customer Personal Data to be uploaded.
to Qlik Cloud). The Customer is therefore encouraged to keep up to date with these DPA terms at www.qlik.com.
SCHEDULE 2

TECHNICAL AND ORGANIZATIONAL MEASURES

Qlik shall undertake appropriate technical and organizational measures for the availability and security of Customer Personal Data and to protect it against unauthorized or unlawful Processing and against accidental or unlawful loss, destruction, alteration or damage, and against unauthorized disclosure or access. These measures, listed below, shall take into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the Processing, available technology as well as the costs of implementing the specific measures and shall ensure a level of security appropriate to the harm that might result from a Security Incident. Some of the measures below apply to Qlik’s general IT infrastructure/practices and may not necessarily apply to Qlik Cloud. While Qlik may alter its measures in line with evolving security practices and risks, and with due regard to the nature of the Processing, Qlik will not materially decrease the overall protections of the Customer Personal Data below the aggregate standard of the measures in this Schedule 2. Customers should stay up to date with Qlik’s security measures by visiting its security resources available at www.qlik.com.

1. Access Controls to Premises and Facilities. Qlik maintains technical and organizational measures to control access to premises and facilities, particularly to check authorization, utilizing various physical security controls such as ID cards, keys, alarm systems, surveillance systems, entry/exit logging and door locking to restrict physical access to office facilities.

2. Access Controls to Systems and Data. Qlik operates technical and organizational measures for user identification and authentication, such as logs, policies, assigning distinct usernames for each employee and utilizing password complexity requirements for access to on-premises and cloud-based platforms. In addition, user access is established on a role basis and requires user management, system or HR approval, depending on use. Second-layer authentication may be employed where relevant by way of multi-factor authentication. User access for sensitive platforms is subject to periodic review and testing. Qlik’s IT control environment is based upon industry-accepted concepts, such as multiple layers of preventive and detective controls, working in concert to provide for the overall protection of Qlik’s computing environment and data assets. To strengthen access control, a centralized identity and access management solution is used to manage application access. Qlik uses on-boarding and off-boarding processes to regulate access by Qlik Personnel.

3. Disclosure Controls. Qlik maintains technical and organizational measures to transport, transmit and communicate or store data on data media (manual or electronic). For certain data transfers, bearing in mind the risk and sensitivity of the data, Qlik may employ encrypted network or similar transfer technologies. Personnel must utilize a dedicated or local VPN network to access internal resources and/or industry-standard authentication and secure communication mechanisms to access cloud-based systems. Logging and reporting are utilized for validation and review purposes. Third party Subprocessors are subject to privacy and security risk assessments and contractual commitments.

4. Input Controls. Qlik maintains measures in its general IT systems for checking whether relevant data has been entered, changed or removed (deleted), and by whom, such as by way of application-level data entry and validation capabilities, and reporting is utilized for validation and review purposes. For Qlik Cloud Customer Content, other than as provided for under this DPA, the Customer is solely responsible for entry, alteration and removal (deletion) of any of its Qlik Cloud Customer Content in Qlik Cloud and, to respect the security and integrity of the Customer Personal Data, Qlik does not monitor Qlik Cloud Customer Content for regular entries, alterations or removals (deletion) by the Customer or its users in its use of the Services.

5. Job Controls. Qlik uses technical (e.g., access controls) and organizational (e.g., policies) measures to delineate, control and protect data for which the Qlik is the Controller or the Processor. Qlik records and delineates the data types for which it is a Controller or a Processor in its record of processing activities under Article 30 (2) EU GDPR.

6. Separation Controls. Qlik uses segregation standards and protocols between production, testing and development environments of sensitive platforms. Additionally, segregation of data is further supported through user access role segregation.

7. Availability Controls. Qlik maintains measures to assure data availability such as local and/or cloud-based back-up mechanisms involving scheduled and monitored backup routines, and local disaster recovery procedures. Qlik may supplement these with additional security protections for its business, for example malware protection. Additionally, data centers of a critical nature are required to submit to periodic 3rd party evaluation of operating effectiveness for significant controls ensuring data availability. Relevant systems and data center locations are protected through the use of industry-standard firewall capabilities.

8. Other Security Controls. Qlik maintains (i) regular control evaluation and testing by audit (internal and/or external), on an as-needed basis, (ii) individual appointment of system administrators, (iii) user access by enterprise IDP, (iv) binding policies and procedures for Qlik’s Personnel, and (v) regular security and privacy training. Policies will clearly inform Personnel of their obligations (including confidentiality and associated statutory obligations) and the associated consequences of any violation.

9. Certifications. Qlik has, at the time of the Effective Date, and shall maintain, certifications regarding SOC 2 Type II and ISO 27001 or their equivalents, which may change over time in line with evolving security standards.

# SCHEDULE 3
## SUBPROCESSORS

### For Qlik offerings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Qlik Affiliates</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech International AB</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Nordic AB</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Latam AB</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NodeGraph AB</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Denmark ApS</td>
<td>Denmark</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Finland OY</td>
<td>Finland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech France SARL</td>
<td>France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Iberica SL (Spain)</td>
<td>Spain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Iberica SL (Portugal liaison office)</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech GmbH</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech GmbH (Austria branch)</td>
<td>Austria</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech GmbH (Swiss branch)</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Italy S.r.l.</td>
<td>Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Netherlands BV</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Netherlands BV (Belgian branch)</td>
<td>Belgium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blendr NV</td>
<td>Belgium</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech UK Limited</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qlik Analytics (ISR) Ltd.</td>
<td>Israel</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Netherlands BV (Russian branch)</td>
<td>Russia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech International Markets AB (DMCC Branch)</td>
<td>United Arab Emirates</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Inc.</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Corporation (Canada).</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech México S. de R.L. de C.V.</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Brasil Comercialização de Software Ltda.</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Japan K.K</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Singapore Pte. Ltd.</td>
<td>Singapore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Hong Kong Limited</td>
<td>Hong Kong</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Qlik Technology (Beijing) Limited Liability Company</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech India Private Limited</td>
<td>India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech Australia Pty Ltd</td>
<td>Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>QlikTech New Zealand Limited</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Qlik Third Party Subprocessors:
- Amazon Web Services
- MongoDB
- Salesforce
- Grazitti SearchUnify
- Microsoft
- Persistent
- Altoros
- Ingima
- ISS Consult
- Galil
- Google Firebase

### For Talend offerings:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Talend Affiliates</th>
<th>Country</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Talend Australia Pty Ltd.</td>
<td>Australia</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend China Beijing Technology Co. Ltd.</td>
<td>China</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend (Canada) Limited</td>
<td>Canada</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend SAS</td>
<td>France</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Germany GmbH</td>
<td>Germany</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Data Integration Services Private Limited</td>
<td>India</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Italy S.r.l.</td>
<td>Italy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Limited</td>
<td>Ireland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend KK</td>
<td>Japan</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Netherlands B.V.</td>
<td>Netherlands</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Sucursal Em Portugal</td>
<td>Portugal</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Singapore Pte. Ltd.</td>
<td>Singapore</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Spain, S.L.</td>
<td>Spain</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Sweden AB</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend GmbH</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Ltd.</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend Inc.</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Talend USA, Inc.</td>
<td>United States</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Talend Third Party Subprocessors:
- Amazon Web Services
- Microsoft Azure
- MongoDB
- GitHub
- Intercom
- Atlassian
- Microsoft
- Proofpoint Secure Share
- Salesforce

SCHEDULE 4
2021 SCCs

Controller to Processor (Module 2) or Processor to Processor (Module 3)

SECTION I
Clause 1
Purpose and scope

(a) The purpose of these standard contractual clauses is to ensure compliance with the requirements of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data (General Data Protection Regulation) for the transfer of personal data to a third country.

(b) The Parties:
(i) the natural or legal person(s), public authority/ies, agency/ies or other body/ies (hereinafter ‘entity/ies’) transferring the personal data, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each ‘data exporter’), and
(ii) the entity/ies in a third country receiving the personal data from the data exporter, directly or indirectly via another entity also Party to these Clauses, as listed in Annex I.A (hereinafter each ‘data importer’)

have agreed to these standard contractual clauses (hereinafter: ‘Clauses’).

(c) These Clauses apply with respect to the transfer of personal data as specified in Annex I.B.

(d) The Appendix to these Clauses containing the Annexes referred to therein forms an integral part of these Clauses.

Clause 2
Effect and invariability of the Clauses

(a) These Clauses set out appropriate safeguards, including enforceable data subject rights and effective legal remedies, pursuant to Article 46(1) and Article 46(2)(c) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 and, with respect to data transfers from controllers to processors and/or processors to processors, standard contractual clauses pursuant to Article 28(7) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, provided they are not modified, except to select the appropriate Module(s) or to add or update information in the Appendix. This does not prevent the Parties from including the standard contractual clauses laid down in these Clauses in a wider contract and/or to add other clauses or additional safeguards, provided that they do not contradict, directly or indirectly, these Clauses or prejudice the fundamental rights or freedoms of data subjects.

(b) These Clauses are without prejudice to obligations to which the data exporter is subject by virtue of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 3
Third-party beneficiaries

(a) Data subjects may invoke and enforce these Clauses, as third-party beneficiaries, against the data exporter and/or data importer, with the following exceptions:
(i) Clause 1, Clause 2, Clause 3, Clause 6, Clause 7;
(ii) 8.9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
(iii) Clause 9(a), (c), (d) and (e);
(iv) Clause 12(a), (d) and (f);
(v) Clause 13;
(vi) Clause 15.1(c), (d) and (e);
(vii) Clause 16(e); and
(viii) Clause 18(a) and (b).
(ix) [If the data exporter is a controller:] Clause 8.1(b)
(x) [If the data exporter is a processor:] Clause 8.1(a), (c) and (d) and Clause 8.9 (f) and (g);

(b) Paragraph (a) is without prejudice to rights of data subjects under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 4
Interpretation
(c) Where these Clauses use terms that are defined in Regulation (EU) 2016/679, those terms shall have the same meaning as in that Regulation.

(d) These Clauses shall be read and interpreted in the light of the provisions of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(e) These Clauses shall not be interpreted in a way that conflicts with rights and obligations provided for in Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

Clause 5  
Hierarchy

In the event of a contradiction between these Clauses and the provisions of related agreements between the Parties, existing at the time these Clauses are agreed or entered into thereafter, these Clauses shall prevail.

Clause 6  
Description of the transfer(s)

The details of the transfer(s), and in particular the categories of personal data that are transferred and the purpose(s) for which they are transferred, are specified in Annex I.B.

Clause 7  
[not used]

SECTION II – OBLIGATIONS OF THE PARTIES

Clause 8  
Data protection safeguards

The data exporter warrants that it has used reasonable efforts to determine that the data importer is able, through the implementation of appropriate technical and organisational measures, to satisfy its obligations under these Clauses.

MODULE TWO: Transfer controller to processor

8.1 Instructions

(a) The data importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the data exporter. The data exporter may give such instructions throughout the duration of the contract.

(b) The data importer shall immediately inform the data exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions.

8.2 Purpose limitation

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B, unless on further instructions from the data exporter.

8.3 Transparency

On request, the data exporter shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by the Parties, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including the measures described in Annex II and personal data, the data exporter may redact part of the text of the Appendix to these Clauses prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand the its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information. This Clause is without prejudice to the obligations of the data exporter under Articles 13 and 14 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

8.4 Accuracy

If the data importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the data exporter without undue delay. In this case, the data importer shall cooperate with the data exporter to erase or rectify the data.

8.5 Duration of processing and erasure or return of data

Processing by the data importer shall only take place for the duration specified in Annex I.B. After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data importer shall, at the choice of the data exporter, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the data exporter and certify to the data exporter that it has done so, or return to the data exporter all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit return or deletion of the personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process it to the extent and for as long as required under that local law. This is without prejudice to Clause 14, in particular the requirement for the data importer under
Clause 14(e) to notify the data exporter throughout the duration of the contract if it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under Clause 14(a).

8.6 Security of processing

(a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access to that data (hereinafter "personal data breach"). In assessing the appropriate level of security, the Parties shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subjects. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner. In case of pseudonymisation, the additional information for attributing the personal data to a specific data subject shall, where possible, remain under the exclusive control of the data exporter. In complying with its obligations under this paragraph, the data importer shall at least implement the technical and organisational measures specified in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.

(b) The data importer shall grant access to the personal data to members of its personnel only to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the contract. It shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.

(c) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the breach, including measures to mitigate its adverse effects. The data importer shall also notify the data exporter without undue delay after having become aware of the breach. Such notification shall contain the details of a contact point where more information can be obtained, a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), its likely consequences and the measures taken or proposed to address the breach including, where appropriate, measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects. Where, and in so far as, it is not possible to provide all information at the same time, the initial notification shall contain the information then available and further information shall, as it becomes available, subsequently be provided without undue delay.

(d) The data importer shall cooperate with and assist the data exporter to enable the data exporter to comply with its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular to notify the competent supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the data importer.

8.7 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person’s sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions and offences (hereinafter “sensitive data”), the data importer shall apply the specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards described in Annex I.B.

8.8 Onward transfers

The data importer shall only disclose the personal data to a third party on documented instructions from the data exporter. In addition, the data may only be disclosed to a third party located outside the European Union (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter “onward transfer”) if the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module, or if:

(i) the onward transfer is to a country benefiting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;

(ii) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 Regulation of (EU) 2016/679 with respect to the processing in question;

(iii) the onward transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or

(iv) the onward transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

(a) The data importer shall promptly and adequately deal with enquiries from the data exporter that relate to the processing under these Clauses.
The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation on the processing activities carried out on behalf of the data exporter.

The data importer shall make available to the data exporter all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in these Clauses and at the data exporter's request, allow for and contribute to audits of the processing activities covered by these Clauses, at reasonable intervals or if there are indications of non-compliance. In deciding on a review or audit, the data exporter may take into account relevant certifications held by the data importer.

The data exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor. Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities of the data importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with reasonable notice.

The Parties shall make the information referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), including the results of any audits, available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

**MODULE THREE: Transfer processor to processor**

**8.1 Instructions**

(a) The data exporter has informed the data importer that it acts as processor under the instructions of its controller(s), which the data exporter shall make available to the data importer prior to processing.

(b) The data importer shall process the personal data only on documented instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter, and any additional documented instructions from the data exporter. Such additional instructions shall not conflict with the instructions from the controller. The controller or data exporter may give further documented instructions regarding the data processing throughout the duration of the contract.

(c) The data importer shall immediately inform the data exporter if it is unable to follow those instructions. Where the data importer is unable to follow the instructions from the controller, the data exporter shall immediately notify the controller.

(d) The data exporter warrants that it has imposed the same data protection obligations on the data importer as set out in the contract or other legal act under Union or Member State law between the controller and the data exporter.

**8.2 Purpose limitation**

The data importer shall process the personal data only for the specific purpose(s) of the transfer, as set out in Annex I.B., unless on further instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter, or from the data exporter.

**8.3 Transparency**

On request, the data exporter shall make a copy of these Clauses, including the Appendix as completed by the Parties, available to the data subject free of charge. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data exporter may redact part of the text of the Appendix prior to sharing a copy, but shall provide a meaningful summary where the data subject would otherwise not be able to understand its content or exercise his/her rights. On request, the Parties shall provide the data subject with the reasons for the redactions, to the extent possible without revealing the redacted information.

**8.4 Accuracy**

If the data importer becomes aware that the personal data it has received is inaccurate, or has become outdated, it shall inform the data exporter without undue delay. In this case, the data importer shall cooperate with the data exporter to rectify or erase the data.

**8.5 Duration of processing and erasure or return of data**

Processing by the data importer shall only take place for the duration specified in Annex I.B. After the end of the provision of the processing services, the data importer shall, at the choice of the data exporter, delete all personal data processed on behalf of the controller and certify to the data exporter that it has done so, or return to the data exporter all personal data processed on its behalf and delete existing copies. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit return or deletion of the personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process it to the extent and for as long as required under that local law. This is without prejudice to Clause 14, in particular the requirement for the data importer under Clause 14(e) to notify the data exporter throughout the duration of the contract if it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under Clause 14(a).

**8.6 Security of processing**

(a) The data importer and, during transmission, also the data exporter shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure the security of the data, including protection against a breach of security leading to accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure or access to that data (hereinafter “personal data breach”). In assessing the appropriate level of security, they shall take due account of the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purpose(s) of processing and the risks involved in the processing for the data subject. The Parties shall in particular consider having recourse to encryption or pseudonymisation, including
during transmission, where the purpose of processing can be fulfilled in that manner. In case of pseudonymisation, the additional information for attributing the personal data to a specific data subject shall, where possible, remain under the exclusive control of the data exporter or the controller. In complying with its obligations under this paragraph, the data importer shall at least implement the technical and organisational measures specified in Annex II. The data importer shall carry out regular checks to ensure that these measures continue to provide an appropriate level of security.

(b) The data importer shall grant access to the data to members of its personnel only to the extent strictly necessary for the implementation, management and monitoring of the contract. It shall ensure that persons authorised to process the personal data have committed themselves to confidentiality or are under an appropriate statutory obligation of confidentiality.

(c) In the event of a personal data breach concerning personal data processed by the data importer under these Clauses, the data importer shall take appropriate measures to address the breach, including measures to mitigate its adverse effects. The data importer shall also notify, without undue delay, the data exporter and, where appropriate and feasible, the controller after having become aware of the breach. Such notification shall contain the details of a contact point where more information can be obtained, a description of the nature of the breach (including, where possible, categories and approximate number of data subjects and personal data records concerned), its likely consequences and the measures taken or proposed to address the data breach, including measures to mitigate its possible adverse effects. Where, and in so far as, it is not possible to provide all information at the same time, the initial notification shall contain the information then available and further information shall, as it becomes available, subsequently be provided without undue delay.

(d) The data importer shall cooperate with and assist the data exporter to enable the data exporter to comply with its obligations under Regulation (EU) 2016/679, in particular to notify its controller so that the latter may in turn notify the competent supervisory authority and the affected data subjects, taking into account the nature of processing and the information available to the data importer.

8.7 Sensitive data

Where the transfer involves personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, genetic data, or biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or a person’s sex life or sexual orientation, or data relating to criminal convictions and offences (hereinafter “sensitive data”), the data importer shall apply the specific restrictions and/or additional safeguards set out in Annex I.B.

8.8 Onward transfers

The data importer shall only disclose the personal data to a third party on documented instructions from the controller, as communicated to the data importer by the data exporter. In addition, the data may only be disclosed to a third party located outside the European Union (in the same country as the data importer or in another third country, hereinafter “onward transfer”) if the third party is or agrees to be bound by these Clauses, under the appropriate Module, or if:

(i) the onward transfer is to a country benefitting from an adequacy decision pursuant to Article 45 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the onward transfer;

(ii) the third party otherwise ensures appropriate safeguards pursuant to Articles 46 or 47 of Regulation (EU) 2016/679;

(iii) the onward transfer is necessary for the establishment, exercise or defence of legal claims in the context of specific administrative, regulatory or judicial proceedings; or

(iv) the onward transfer is necessary in order to protect the vital interests of the data subject or of another natural person.

Any onward transfer is subject to compliance by the data importer with all the other safeguards under these Clauses, in particular purpose limitation.

8.9 Documentation and compliance

(a) The data importer shall promptly and adequately deal with enquiries from the data exporter or the controller that relate to the processing under these Clauses.

(b) The Parties shall be able to demonstrate compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer shall keep appropriate documentation on the processing activities carried out on behalf of the controller.

(c) The data importer shall make all information necessary to demonstrate compliance with the obligations set out in these Clauses available to the data exporter, which shall provide it to the controller.

(d) The data importer shall allow for and contribute to audits by the data exporter of the processing activities covered by these Clauses, at reasonable intervals or if there are indications of non-compliance. The same shall apply where the data exporter requests an audit on instructions of the controller. In deciding on an audit, the data exporter may take into account relevant certifications held by the data importer.
(e) Where the audit is carried out on the instructions of the controller, the data exporter shall make the results available to the controller.

(f) The data exporter may choose to conduct the audit by itself or mandate an independent auditor. Audits may include inspections at the premises or physical facilities of the data importer and shall, where appropriate, be carried out with reasonable notice.

(g) The Parties shall make the information referred to in paragraphs (b) and (c), including the results of any audits, available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

Clause 9
Use of sub-processors

MODULE TWO: Transfer controller to processor

(a) The data importer has the data exporter’s general authorisation for the engagement of sub-processor(s) from an agreed list. The data importer shall specifically inform the data exporter in writing of any intended changes to that list through the addition or replacement of sub-processors at least at least thirty (30) days in advance, thereby giving the data exporter sufficient time to be able to object to such changes prior to the engagement of the sub-processor(s). The data importer shall provide the data exporter with the information necessary to enable the data exporter to exercise its right to object.

(b) Where the data importer engages a sub-processor to carry out specific processing activities (on behalf of the data exporter), it shall do so by way of a written contract that provides for, in substance, the same data protection obligations as those binding the data importer under these Clauses, including in terms of third-party beneficiary rights for data subjects. The Parties agree that, by complying with this Clause, the data importer fulfils its obligations under Clause 8.8. The data importer shall ensure that the sub-processor complies with the obligations to which the data importer is subject pursuant to these Clauses.

(c) The data importer shall provide, at the data exporter’s request, a copy of such a sub-processor agreement and any subsequent amendments to the data exporter. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data importer may redact the text of the agreement prior to sharing a copy.

(d) The data importer shall remain fully responsible to the data exporter for the performance of the sub-processor’s obligations under its contract with the data importer. The data importer shall notify the data exporter of any failure by the sub-processor to fulfil its obligations under that contract.

(e) The data importer shall agree a third-party beneficiary clause with the sub-processor whereby - in the event the data importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent - the data exporter shall have the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the sub-processor to erase or return the personal data.

MODULE THREE: Transfer processor to processor

(a) The data importer has the controller’s general authorisation for the engagement of sub-processor(s) from an agreed list. The data importer shall specifically inform the controller in writing of any intended changes to that list through the addition or replacement of sub-processors at least at least thirty (30) days in advance, thereby giving the controller sufficient time to be able to object to such changes prior to the engagement of the sub-processor(s). The data importer shall provide the controller with the information necessary to enable the controller to exercise its right to object. The data importer shall inform the data exporter of the engagement of the sub-processor(s).

(b) Where the data importer engages a sub-processor to carry out specific processing activities (on behalf of the controller), it shall do so by way of a written contract that provides for, in substance, the same data protection obligations as those binding the data importer under these Clauses, including in terms of third-party beneficiary rights for data subjects. The Parties agree that, by complying with this Clause, the data importer fulfils its obligations under Clause 8.8. The data importer shall ensure that the sub-processor complies with the obligations to which the data importer is subject pursuant to these Clauses.

(c) The data importer shall provide, at the data exporter’s or controller’s request, a copy of such a sub-processor agreement and any subsequent amendments. To the extent necessary to protect business secrets or other confidential information, including personal data, the data importer may redact the text of the agreement prior to sharing a copy.

(d) The data importer shall remain fully responsible to the data exporter for the performance of the sub-processor’s obligations under its contract with the data importer. The data importer shall notify the data exporter of any failure by the sub-processor to fulfil its obligations under that contract.

(e) The data importer shall agree a third-party beneficiary clause with the sub-processor whereby - in the event the data importer has factually disappeared, ceased to exist in law or has become insolvent - the data exporter shall have the right to terminate the sub-processor contract and to instruct the sub-processor to erase or return the personal data.

Clause 10
Data subject rights

MODULE TWO: Transfer controller to processor

(a) The data importer shall promptly notify the data exporter of any request it has received from a data subject. It shall not respond to that request itself unless it has been authorised to do so by the data exporter.
The data importer shall assist the data exporter in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects’ requests for the exercise of their rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679. In this regard, the Parties shall set out in Annex II the appropriate technical and organisational measures, taking into account the nature of the processing, by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.

In fulfilling its obligations under paragraphs (a) and (b), the data importer shall comply with the instructions from the data exporter.

**MODULE THREE: Transfer processor to processor**

(a) The data importer shall promptly notify the data exporter and, where appropriate, the controller of any request it has received from a data subject, without responding to that request unless it has been authorised to do so by the controller.

(b) The data importer shall assist, where appropriate in cooperation with the data exporter, the controller in fulfilling its obligations to respond to data subjects’ requests for the exercise of their rights under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable. In this regard, the Parties shall set out in Annex II the appropriate technical and organisational measures, taking into account the nature of the processing, by which the assistance shall be provided, as well as the scope and the extent of the assistance required.

(c) In fulfilling its obligations under paragraphs (a) and (b), the data importer shall comply with the instructions from the controller, as communicated by the data exporter.

**Clause 11**

**Redress**

(a) The data importer shall inform data subjects in a transparent and easily accessible format, through individual notice or on its website, of a contact point authorised to handle complaints. It shall deal promptly with any complaints it receives from a data subject.

(b) In case of a dispute between a data subject and one of the Parties as regards compliance with these Clauses, that Party shall use its best efforts to resolve the issue amicably in a timely fashion. The Parties shall keep each other informed about such disputes and, where appropriate, cooperate in resolving them.

(c) Where the data subject invokes a third-party beneficiary right pursuant to Clause 3, the data importer shall accept the decision of the data subject to:

(i) lodge a complaint with the supervisory authority in the Member State of his/her habitual residence or place of work, or the competent supervisory authority pursuant to Clause 13;

(ii) refer the dispute to the competent courts within the meaning of Clause 18.

(d) The Parties accept that the data subject may be represented by a not-for-profit body, organisation or association under the conditions set out in Article 80(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

(e) The data importer shall abide by a decision that is binding under the applicable EU or Member State law.

(f) The data importer agrees that the choice made by the data subject will not prejudice his/her substantive and procedural rights to seek remedies in accordance with applicable laws.

**Clause 12**

**Liability**

(a) Each Party shall be liable to the other Party/ies for any damages it causes the other Party/ies by any breach of these Clauses.

(b) The data importer shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data importer or its sub-processor causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses.

(c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), the data exporter shall be liable to the data subject, and the data subject shall be entitled to receive compensation, for any material or non-material damages the data exporter or the data importer (or its sub-processor) causes the data subject by breaching the third-party beneficiary rights under these Clauses. This is without prejudice to the liability of the data exporter and, where the data exporter is a processor acting on behalf of a controller, to the liability of the controller under Regulation (EU) 2016/679 or Regulation (EU) 2018/1725, as applicable.

(d) The Parties agree that if the data exporter is held liable under paragraph (c) for damages caused by the data importer (or its sub-processor), it shall be entitled to claim back from the data importer that part of the compensation corresponding to the data importer’s responsibility for the damage.

(e) Where more than one Party is responsible for any damage caused to the data subject as a result of a breach of these Clauses, all responsible Parties shall be jointly and severally liable and the data subject is entitled to bring an action in court against any of these Parties.

(f) The Parties agree that if one Party is held liable under paragraph (e), it shall be entitled to claim back from the other Party/ies that part of the compensation corresponding to its/their responsibility for the damage.

(g) The data importer may not invoke the conduct of a sub-processor to avoid its own liability.
Clause 13

Supervision

(a) Where the data exporter is established in an EU Member State: The supervisory authority with responsibility for ensuring compliance by the data exporter with Regulation (EU) 2016/679 as regards the data transfer, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with Article 3(2) and has appointed a representative pursuant to Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of the Member State in which the representative within the meaning of Article 27(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 is established, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

Where the data exporter is not established in an EU Member State, but falls within the territorial scope of application of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 in accordance with its Article 3(2) without however having to appoint a representative pursuant to Article 27(2) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679: The supervisory authority of one of the Member States in which the data subjects whose personal data is transferred under these Clauses in relation to the offering of goods or services to them, or whose behaviour is monitored, are located, as indicated in Annex I.C, shall act as competent supervisory authority.

(b) The data importer agrees to submit itself to the jurisdiction of and cooperate with the competent supervisory authority in any procedures aimed at ensuring compliance with these Clauses. In particular, the data importer agrees to respond to enquiries, submit to audits and comply with the measures adopted by the supervisory authority, including remedial and compensatory measures. It shall provide the supervisory authority with written confirmation that the necessary actions have been taken.

SECTION III – LOCAL LAWS AND OBLIGATIONS IN CASE OF ACCESS BY PUBLIC AUTHORITIES

Clause 14

Local laws and practices affecting compliance with the Clauses

a) The Parties warrant that they have no reason to believe that the laws and practices in the third country of destination applicable to the processing of the personal data by the data importer, including any requirements to disclose personal data or measures authorising access by public authorities, prevent the data importer from fulfilling its obligations under these Clauses. This is based on the understanding that laws and practices that respect the essence of the fundamental rights and freedoms and do not exceed what is necessary and proportionate in a democratic society to safeguard one of the objectives listed in Article 23(1) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679, are not in contradiction with these Clauses.

b) The Parties declare that in providing the warranty in paragraph (a), they have taken due account in particular of the following elements:

i. the specific circumstances of the transfer, including the length of the processing chain, the number of actors involved and the transmission channels used; intended onward transfers; the type of recipient; the purpose of processing; the categories and format of the transferred personal data; the economic sector in which the transfer occurs; the storage location of the data transferred;

ii. the laws and practices of the third country of destination— including those requiring the disclosure of data to public authorities or authorising access by such authorities – relevant in light of the specific circumstances of the transfer, and the applicable limitations and safeguards;

iii. any relevant contractual, technical or organisational safeguards put in place to supplement the safeguards under these Clauses, including measures applied during transmission and to the processing of the personal data in the country of destination.

c) The data importer warrants that, in carrying out the assessment under paragraph (b), it has made its best efforts to provide the data exporter with relevant information and agrees that it will continue to cooperate with the data exporter in ensuring compliance with these Clauses.

d) The Parties agree to document the assessment under paragraph (b) and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

e) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter promptly if, after having agreed to these Clauses and for the duration of the contract, it has reason to believe that it is or has become subject to laws or practices not in line with the requirements under paragraph (a), including following a change in the laws of the third country or a measure (such as a disclosure request) indicating an application of such laws in practice that is not in line with the requirements in paragraph (a).

f) Following a notification pursuant to paragraph (e), or if the data exporter otherwise has reason to believe that the data importer can no longer fulfil its obligations under these Clauses, the data exporter shall promptly identify appropriate measures (e.g. technical or organisational measures to ensure security and confidentiality) to be adopted by the data exporter and/or data importer to address the situation. The data exporter shall suspend the data transfer if it considers that no appropriate safeguards for such transfer can be ensured, or if instructed by the competent supervisory authority to do so. In this case, the data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses. If the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this
right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise. Where the contract is terminated pursuant to this Clause, Clause 16(d) and (e) shall apply.

Clause 15
Obligations of the data importer in case of access by public authorities

15.1 Notification

(a) The data importer agrees to notify the data exporter and, where possible, the data subject promptly (if necessary with the help of the data exporter) if it:

   (i) receives a legally binding request from a public authority, including judicial authorities, under the laws of the country of destination for the disclosure of personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses; such notification shall include information about the personal data requested, the requesting authority, the legal basis for the request and the response provided; or

   (ii) becomes aware of any direct access by public authorities to personal data transferred pursuant to these Clauses in accordance with the laws of the country of destination; such notification shall include all information available to the importer.

(b) If the data importer is prohibited from notifying the data exporter and/or the data subject under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to use its best efforts to obtain a waiver of the prohibition, with a view to communicating as much information as possible, as soon as possible. The data importer agrees to document its best efforts in order to be able to demonstrate them on request of the data exporter.

(c) Where permissible under the laws of the country of destination, the data importer agrees to provide the data exporter, at regular intervals for the duration of the contract, with as much relevant information as possible on the requests received (in particular, number of requests, type of data requested, requesting authorities, whether requests have been challenged and the outcome of such challenges, etc.).

(d) The data importer agrees to preserve the information pursuant to paragraphs (a) to (c) for the duration of the contract and make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

(e) Paragraphs (a) to (c) are without prejudice to the obligation of the data importer pursuant to Clause 14(e) and Clause 16 to inform the data exporter promptly where it is unable to comply with these Clauses.

15.2 Review of legality and data minimisation

(a) The data importer agrees to review the legality of the request for disclosure, in particular whether it remains within the powers granted to the requesting public authority, and to challenge the request if, after careful assessment, it concludes that there are reasonable grounds to consider that the request is unlawful under the laws of the country of destination, applicable obligations under international law and principles of international comity. The data importer shall, under the same conditions, pursue possibilities of appeal. When challenging a request, the data importer shall seek interim measures with a view to suspending the effects of the request until the competent judicial authority has decided on its merits. It shall not disclose the personal data requested until required to do so under the applicable procedural rules. These requirements are without prejudice to the obligations of the data importer under Clause 14(e).

(b) The data importer agrees to document its legal assessment and any challenge to the request for disclosure and, to the extent permissible under the laws of the country of destination, make the documentation available to the data exporter. It shall also make it available to the competent supervisory authority on request.

(c) The data importer agrees to provide the minimum amount of information permissible when responding to a request for disclosure, based on a reasonable interpretation of the request.

SECTION IV – FINAL PROVISIONS

Clause 16
Non-compliance with the Clauses and termination

(a) The data importer shall promptly inform the data exporter if it is unable to comply with these Clauses, for whatever reason.

(b) In the event that the data importer is in breach of these Clauses or unable to comply with these Clauses, the data exporter shall suspend the transfer of personal data to the data importer until compliance is again ensured or the contract is terminated. This is without prejudice to Clause 14(f).

(c) The data exporter shall be entitled to terminate the contract, insofar as it concerns the processing of personal data under these Clauses, where:

   (i) the data exporter has suspended the transfer of personal data to the data importer pursuant to paragraph (b) and compliance with these Clauses is not restored within a reasonable time and in any event within one month of suspension;

   (ii) the data importer is in substantial or persistent breach of these Clauses; or

   (iii) the data importer fails to comply with a binding decision of a competent court or supervisory authority regarding its obligations under these Clauses.
In these cases, it shall inform the competent supervisory authority of such non-compliance. Where the contract involves more than two Parties, the data exporter may exercise this right to termination only with respect to the relevant Party, unless the Parties have agreed otherwise.

(d) Personal data that has been transferred prior to the termination of the contract pursuant to paragraph (c) shall at the choice of the data exporter immediately be returned to the data exporter or deleted in its entirety. The same shall apply to any copies of the data. The data importer shall certify the deletion of the data to the data exporter. Until the data is deleted or returned, the data importer shall continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses. In case of local laws applicable to the data importer that prohibit the return or deletion of the transferred personal data, the data importer warrants that it will continue to ensure compliance with these Clauses and will only process the data to the extent and for as long as required under that local law.

(e) Either Party may revoke its agreement to be bound by these Clauses where (i) the European Commission adopts a decision pursuant to Article 45(3) of Regulation (EU) 2016/679 that covers the transfer of personal data to which these Clauses apply; or (ii) Regulation (EU) 2016/679 becomes part of the legal framework of the country to which the personal data is transferred. This is without prejudice to other obligations applying to the processing in question under Regulation (EU) 2016/679.

**Clause 17**

**Governing law**

These Clauses shall be governed by the law of the EU Member State in which the data exporter is established. Where such law does not allow for third-party beneficiary rights, they shall be governed by the law of another EU Member State that does allow for third-party beneficiary rights. The Parties agree that this shall be the law of Sweden.

**Clause 18**

**Choice of forum and jurisdiction**

(a) Any dispute arising from these Clauses shall be resolved by the courts of an EU Member State.

(b) The Parties agree that those shall be the courts of Sweden.

(c) A data subject may also bring legal proceedings against the data exporter and/or data importer before the courts of the Member State in which he/she has his/her habitual residence.

(d) The Parties agree to submit themselves to the jurisdiction of such courts.
ANNEX I

A. LIST OF PARTIES

MODULE TWO: Transfer controller to processor
MODULE THREE: Transfer processor to processor

Data exporter(s):

Name: The Customer, as defined in the Agreement.
Address: The address of Customer specified in the Agreement, DPA and/or applicable order form(s) as applicable.
Contact person’s name, position, and contact details: The name, position, and contact details of the Customer’s contact person specified in the table at the commencement of this DPA.
Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: transfer of Customer Personal Data, as defined in the DPA, for Processing by the data importer.
Signature and date: [insert signature and date]
Role: controller (module two) or processor (module three).

Data importer(s):

Name: Qlik, as defined in the Agreement.
Address: The address of Qlik specified in the Agreement, DPA and/or applicable order form(s) as applicable.
Contact person’s name, position, and contact details: Roy Horgan, Senior Director, Privacy Counsel & Data Protection Officer, privacy@qlik.com.
Activities relevant to the data transferred under these Clauses: Processing of Customer Personal Data, as defined in the DPA, on behalf of the data exporter.
Signature and date: [insert signature and date]
Role: processor (module two) or subprocessor (module three).

B. DESCRIPTION OF TRANSFER

Categories of data subjects whose personal data is transferred

See the Details of Processing table at the commencement of this DPA.

Categories of personal data transferred

Customer Personal Data as defined in the DPA. See the Details of Processing table at the commencement of the DPA.

Sensitive data transferred (if applicable) and applied restrictions or safeguards that fully take into consideration the nature of the data and the risks involved, such as for instance strict purpose limitation, access restrictions (including access only for staff having followed specialised training), keeping a record of access to the data, restrictions for onward transfers or additional security measures

See the Details of Processing table at the commencement of the DPA. Applied restrictions or safeguards are set out in the DPA.

The frequency of the transfer (e.g. whether the data is transferred on a one-off or continuous basis)

See the Details of Processing table at the commencement of the DPA.

Nature of the processing

See the Details of Processing table at the commencement of the DPA.

Purpose(s) of the data transfer and further processing

For the purposes of enabling the data exporter to use the Services in accordance with the Agreement.

The period for which the personal data will be retained, or, if that is not possible, the criteria used to determine that period

In accordance with any retention periods controlled by the Customer, or if such retention periods are controlled by Qlik, in accordance with the Agreement and the DPA.

For transfers to (sub-)processors, also specify subject matter, nature and duration of the processing

Qlik’s Subprocessor details are set out at Schedule 3 to the DPA.
C. COMPETENT SUPERVISORY AUTHORITY

Identify the competent supervisory authority/ies in accordance with Clause 13

The Competent Supervisory Authority of the EU Member State in which the data exporter is established, based on the list available at https://edpb.europa.eu/about-edpb/about-edpb/members_en. In case of ambiguity, this will be the Competent Supervisory Authority of Sweden:

Integritetsskyddsmyndigheten
Drottninggatan 29
5th Floor
Box 8114
104 20 Stockholm

Tel. +46 8 657 6100, Fax +46 8 652 8652, Email: imy@imy.se, Website: http://www.imy.se/

ANNEX II

TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES INCLUDING TECHNICAL AND ORGANISATIONAL MEASURES TO ENSURE THE SECURITY OF THE DATA

These are as listed in Schedule 2 of the DPA.

ANNEX III

LIST OF SUB-PROCESSORS

The Controller has authorised the use of the sub-processors listed in Schedule 3 of the DPA, as updated from time to time.